



## Di-8-ANEPPS

Catalog Number	Packaging Size
C266	5 mg

Storage upon receipt: -20°C, protected from light

### Introduction

**Di-8-ANEPPS** is a fast-response probe that used to measure membrane potential changes. ANEP dyes are molecules that fluoresce in response to electrical potential changes in their environment. The fast-response probes are operated by means of a change in their electronic structure, and consequently their fluorescence properties, in response to a change in the surrounding electric field. Their optical response is sufficiently fast to detect transient (millisecond) potential changes in excitable cells, including single neurons, cardiac cells, and intact brains. However, the magnitude of their potential-dependent fluorescence change is often small; fast-response probes typically show a 2-10% fluorescence change per 100 mV. Furthermore, these dyes display a potential-dependent shift in their excitation spectra, thus permitting the quantitation of membrane potential using excitation ratio measurements.

### Specifications

<b>Label:</b>	Di-8-ANEPPS	
<b>Ex/Em:</b>	467/631 nm	
<b>Detection Method:</b>	Fluorescent	
<b>Solubility:</b>	DMSO, DMF	
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>52</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> S	
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	592.88	
<b>CAS Number:</b>	157134-53-7	
<b>Storage Conditions:</b>	-20°C, protected from light	
<b>Shipping Condition:</b>	Room Temperature	

### Applications

Membrane potential indicator

### References:

Characterization of Potentiometric Membrane Dyes.  
Loew LM

Adv Chem Ser (1994) 235:151-151

Voltage-Sensitive Dyes and Imaging Neuronal Activity. Voltage-Sensitive Dyes and Imaging Neuronal Activity.

Loew LM

NeuroProtocols (1994) 5:72-72

Optical Recording with Single Cell Resolution from a Simple Mammalian Nervous System: Electrical Activity in Ganglia from the Submucous Plexus of the Guinea-Pig Ileum. Optical Recording with Single Cell Resolution from a Simple Mammalian Nervous System: Electrical Activity in Ganglia from the Submucous Plexus of the Guinea-Pig Ileum.

Obaid AL, et al.

Biol Bull (1993) 183:344-344